Statement-ll

Achievements ofSAI Trainees during the last five years, at the national and international level

SI. No.	Scheme	2002-03			2003-04			200405			2005-06			20O6O7		
		Nat.	Int.	Total	Nat.	Int.	Total	Nat	Int.	Total	Nat.	Int.	Total	Nat.	Int.	Total
1.	National Sports Talent Contest	93	03	96	62	02	64	63	05	88	34	05	39	45	04	49
2.	Army Boy Sports Company	75	29	104	94	20	114	91	02	93	81	05	86	53	06	59
3.	SAI Training Centre	561	58	619	610	70	680	442	34	476	301	47	348	249	73	322
4.	Special Area Games	232	37	269	259	37	296	70	06	76	65	04	69	59	06	65
5.	Centre of Excellend	166	40	264	170	53	223	154	43	197	121	42	163	45	25	70

Sports Policy

4737. SHRIMATI PREMA CARIAPPA: Will the Minister of YOUTH AFFAIRS AND SPORTS be pleased to state:

whether it is a fact that Government have provided Rs. 100 crores in 2006 to be spent over four years to improve sports facilities in the States;

if so, what are the sports on which this money would be utilized;

whether Government have announced a Sports Policy;

if so, the main features of the policy; and

when this policy is likely to be implemented?

THE MINISTER OF YOUTH AFFAIRS AND SPORTS (SHRI MANI SHANKAR AIYAR): (a) and (b) No, Sir. Sports being a State subject,

schemes relating to Sports Infrastructure were transferred to the State sector from the financial year 2005-06. Only a few components for rural sports remain in other schemes. Expenditure on organizing rural sports competitions/tournaments at Block, District, State and National level in 2006-07 is estimated at Rs. 1,90,37,250/- (including North-East). The sports on which these moneys have been spent on Athletics, Tug of war, Archery, Hockey, Kho-Kho, Kabaddi, Weightlifting, Volleyball, Wrestling, Football, etc.

(c) to (e) There is a proposal to replace the current National Sports Policy 2001 with a new Comprehensive Sports Policy that would aim at unleashing a new nationwide wave of sports consciousness and development in the country. The proposed of policy would follow an integrated approach to the promotion of physical education and sport, especially among children, adolescents and youth, taking into consideration public health benefits, educational benefits, economic benefit, pursuit of excellence and national pride.

Performance in Doha Asian Games

SHRIMATI SYEDA ANWARA TAIMUR:

SHRI VIJAY J.DARDA:

Will the Minister of YOUTH AFFAIRS AND SPORTS be pleased to state:

whether it is a fact that India has won 8 Gold, 13 Silver and 13 Bronze medals in the Doha Asian Games and the comparison becomes even more starker if we see China winning 0.95 gold medals per ten million of its population, and figure standing at 3.3,19.1 and 3.4 for Japan, South Korea and Chinese Taipei respectively, and India stands at an abysmal 0.05;

if so, the reason for this sorry state of affairs, especially with the existence of our high-profile selection and training organizations spending large funds to improve the standard of sports and games; and

whether Government would make a deep and comprehensive study of evolving effective modalities to avoid recurrence of such a situation?